

Report of the Thirty-Ninth Session of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), Buenos Air...

Document Type: Dialogues multilateral

Event Date: October 24, 2022

Document Information

Event Country:	Argentina (ARG)
Event City:	Buenos Aires, ARG
Lead Country:	Argentina (ARG)
Event Format:	Presencial
Coverage Scope:	Regional
Legal Bindingness:	Politically-binding
Score:	95
AI Check Status:	Completed
Human Review Status:	Completed
Human Reviewer:	cristina.bermeo
Countries Involved:	30 countries (see details below)

Countries Involved

Antigua and Barbuda (ATG)	Bahamas (BHS)	Brazil (BRA)
Canada (CAN)	Chile (CHL)	Colombia (COL)
Costa Rica (CRI)	Cuba (CUB)	Dominican Republic (DOM)
Ecuador (ECU)	France (FRA)	Guatemala (GTM)
Honduras (HND)	Indonesia (IDN)	Italy (ITA)
Jamaica (JAM)	Japan (JPN)	Korea, Republic of (KOR)

Mexico (MEX)	Nicaragua (NIC)	Norway (NOR)
Panama (PAN)	Paraguay (PRY)	Peru (PER)
Spain (ESP)	Suriname (SUR)	Türkiye (TUR)
United States (USA)	Uruguay (URY)	Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of (VEN)

Executive Summary

The 39th session of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), held in Buenos Aires from 24-26 October 2022, convened representatives from 32 member states, UN agencies, and intergovernmental organizations. The session focused on transformative recovery amid cascading crises, emphasizing the need for a new development model centered on production, inclusion, and sustainability. Key themes included addressing inequality, promoting employment, sustainable investment, digital transformation, climate action, and strengthening regional cooperation and multilateralism. High-level panels discussed globalization changes, employment creation, sectoral investment, and international cooperation. The session adopted resolutions supporting integrated development approaches, gender equality, social development, digital inclusion, and regional planning. ECLAC reaffirmed its role as a center of excellence for policy analysis and technical cooperation, aligning its 2024 work program with the 2030 Agenda and sustainable development goals. The meeting underscored the urgency of bold policies, innovative financing, and strengthened governance to overcome the region's challenges and foster inclusive, sustainable growth.

Taxonomies

Themes

- **Digital Agenda** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **Digital Acceleration** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **Digital Platforms** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **Digital Infrastructure** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **Digital Ecosystem** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **Digital Skills Development** (Digital Transformation & Strategy)
- **ICT Innovation** (Technology & Innovation)
- **Artificial Intelligence** (Technology & Innovation)
- **Digital Governance** (Data & Governance)
- **Digital Ethics** (Data & Governance)
- **E-Governance** (Data & Governance)
- **Digital Inclusion** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **Social Cohesion** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **Gender Equality in Tech** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **Digital Education** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **Connectivity** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **Sustainable Digital Development** (Inclusion & Social Development)
- **EU-LAC Digital Alliance** (Regional & International Cooperation)
- **Bi-regional Cooperation** (Regional & International Cooperation)

- **Global Digital Cooperation** (Regional & International Cooperation)
- **Multilateralism** (Regional & International Cooperation)
- **EU-CELAC Digital Partnership** (Regional & International Cooperation)
- **Digital & Technological Partnerships** (Regional & International Cooperation)
- **Digital Transformation & Strategy** (Digital Transformation & Strategy) - Relevance: 0.9
Justification: Digital transformation is a core theme throughout the document, emphasized in multiple panels and discussions as a key driver for sustainable development, economic growth, and social inclusion. It is linked to productivity, innovation, and competitiveness, making it central to the region's development agenda.
- **Regional & International Cooperation** (Regional & International Cooperation) - Relevance: 0.85
Justification: The document highlights the importance of multilateralism, bi-regional cooperation, and partnerships such as the EU-LAC Digital Alliance. Cooperation is critical for addressing shared challenges like financing, climate change, and digital inclusion, and is a strategic priority for the region's sustainable development.
- **Inclusion & Social Development** (Inclusion & Social Development) - Relevance: 0.8
Justification: Social inclusion, gender equality, digital inclusion, and social cohesion are repeatedly stressed as essential for equitable development. The document links these themes to the 2030 Agenda and SDGs, underscoring their importance in ensuring no one is left behind in the digital and economic transformation.

Actors

- **Antigua and Barbuda** (Political Actors)
- **Bahamas** (Political Actors)
- **Bolivia (Plurinational State of)** (Political Actors)
- **Brazil** (Political Actors)
- **Canada** (Political Actors)
- **Chile** (Political Actors)
- **Colombia** (Political Actors)
- **Costa Rica** (Political Actors)
- **Cuba** (Political Actors)
- **Dominican Republic** (Political Actors)
- **Ecuador** (Political Actors)
- **El Salvador** (Political Actors)
- **France** (Political Actors)
- **Guatemala** (Political Actors)
- **Honduras** (Political Actors)
- **Italy** (Political Actors)
- **Jamaica** (Political Actors)
- **Japan** (Political Actors)
- **Mexico** (Political Actors)
- **Nicaragua** (Political Actors)
- **Norway** (Political Actors)
- **Panama** (Political Actors)
- **Paraguay** (Political Actors)
- **Peru** (Political Actors)
- **Republic of Korea** (Political Actors)
- **Spain** (Political Actors)
- **Suriname** (Political Actors)
- **Türkiye** (Political Actors)
- **United States** (Political Actors)

- **Uruguay** (Political Actors)
- **Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Secretariat** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN-Women)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Resident Coordinator** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Secretary-General** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Deputy Secretary-General** (Political Actors)
- **Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)** (Political Actors)
- **International Labour Organization (ILO)** (Political Actors)
- **Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)** (Political Actors)
- **Pan American Health Organization (PAHO)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR)** (Political Actors)
- **United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **World Bank** (Economic Actors)
- **World Economic Forum** (Political Actors)
- **World Food Programme (WFP)** (Political Actors)
- **Amazon Cooperation Treaty Organization (ACTO)** (Political Actors)
- **Association of Caribbean States (ACS)** (Political Actors)
- **Caribbean Community (CARICOM)** (Political Actors)
- **Central American Integration System (SICA)** (Political Actors)
- **European Union** (Political Actors)
- **Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)** (Economic Actors)
- **Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (IICA)** (Political Actors)
- **Inter-American Institute for Statistics (IASI)** (Political Actors)
- **Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA)** (Political Actors)
- **Latin American Social Sciences Council (CLACSO)** (Political Actors)
- **Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)** (Political Actors)
- **Organization of Ibero-American States for Education, Science and Culture (OEI)** (Political Actors)
- **European Commission** (Political Actors)
- **European Union Delegations** (Political Actors)
- **International and Ibero-American Foundation for Administration and Public Policies (FIIAPP)** (Political Actors)
- **Community of Latin American and Caribbean States (CELAC)** (Political Actors)
- **Southern Common Market (MERCOSUR)** (Political Actors)
- **University College London (UCL)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **University College London Institute for Innovation and Public Purpose** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **National Autonomous University of Mexico (UNAM)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Latin American Council of Social Sciences (CLACSO)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Latin American and Caribbean Demographic Centre (CELADE)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES)** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Universities** (Research and Innovation Actors)

- **Academic Institutions** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Researchers** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Innovators** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Technology Organisations** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Research Performing Organisations** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Spanish Agency for International Development** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **European Institute of Innovation and Technology** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Digital Innovation Hubs** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Knowledge and Innovation Communities** (Research and Innovation Actors)
- **Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)** (Economic Actors)
- **Private Sector Representatives** (Economic Actors)
- **Industry Actors** (Economic Actors)
- **Development Bank of Latin America (CAF)** (Economic Actors)
- **Central American Bank for Economic Integration** (Economic Actors)
- **Digital Companies** (Economic Actors)
- **ICT Companies** (Economic Actors)
- **Telecommunication Companies** (Economic Actors)
- **Private Sector Intermediaries** (Economic Actors)
- **Non-governmental Institutions** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Civil Society Organisations** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Digital Training and Education Providers** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Digital Transformation Consultants** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Digital Skills Development Platforms** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Digital Literacy Initiatives** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Technology Providers** (Civil Society Actors)
- **European Digital Rights** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Digital Cooperation Organization** (Civil Society Actors)
- **Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC)** (Political Actors) -
Relevance: 1.0

Justification: ECLAC is the central actor organizing the session, producing key documents such as the position paper on development transformation, coordinating regional cooperation, and leading the agenda on economic, social, and environmental issues in Latin America and the Caribbean. It is the main forum for dialogue, policy formulation, and technical cooperation in the region.

- **Argentina** (Political Actors) - Relevance: 0.9
Justification: Argentina hosted and chaired the thirty-ninth session of ECLAC, with high-level participation including the President and multiple ministers. Argentina played a leading role in moderating discussions, presenting key documents, and driving regional initiatives, reflecting its prominence and influence in the event and regional affairs.
- **United Nations** (Political Actors) - Relevance: 0.85
Justification: The United Nations, including its Secretary-General, Deputy Secretary-General, Resident Coordinators, and multiple UN agencies, provided critical support, guidance, and participation. The UN system underpins ECLAC's mandate and facilitates multilateral cooperation, financing, and policy alignment with global agendas such as the 2030 Agenda and Sustainable Development Goals.

Beneficiary Groups

- **Citizens** (General Citizens / Consumers)
- **Migrants** (Migrants & Refugees)
- **Small and Medium Enterprises** (SMEs / Businesses)
- **Women in Tech** (Women & Girls)

Additional Beneficiary Groups

- woman
- worker
- microenterprise
- migrant
- small enterprise

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

- SDG 1: No Poverty
- SDG 2: Zero Hunger
- SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being
- SDG 4: Quality Education
- SDG 5: Gender Equality
- SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation
- SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy
- SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth
- SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
- SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities
- SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities
- SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production
- SDG 13: Climate Action
- SDG 14: Life Below Water
- SDG 15: Life on Land
- SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions
- SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals

EU Policy Alignments

- NDICI-Global Europe

Commitments

Commitment 1

The fifteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held in Buenos Aires from 7 to 11 November 2022 under the theme “The care society: a horizon for sustainable recovery with gender equality” (Resolution 756(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The fifteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held in Buenos Aires from 7 to 11 November 2022 under the theme “The care society: a horizon for sustainable recovery with gender equality” (Resolution 756(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 2

The nineteenth meeting of the Regional Council for Planning of ILPES is scheduled for the second half of 2023 (Resolution 757(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The nineteenth meeting of the Regional Council for Planning of ILPES is scheduled for the second half of 2023 (Resolution 757(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 3

The fifth session of the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean will be convened in 2023, jointly with the XV Ministerial Forum for Development in Latin America and the Caribbean (Resolution 759(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The fifth session of the Regional Conference on Social Development in Latin America and the Caribbean will be convened in 2023, jointly with the XV Ministerial Forum for Development in Latin America and the Caribbean (Resolution 759(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 4

The fifth Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing and the Rights of Older Persons in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held at ECLAC headquarters in Santiago from 13 to 15 December 2022 (Resolution 760(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The fifth Regional Intergovernmental Conference on Ageing and the Rights of Older Persons in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held at ECLAC headquarters in Santiago from 13 to 15 December 2022 (Resolution 760(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 5

The eighth Ministerial Conference on the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held in Montevideo from 16 to 18 November 2022 (Resolution 761(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The eighth Ministerial Conference on the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean will be held in Montevideo from 16 to 18 November 2022 (Resolution 761(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 6

The draft programme of work of the ECLAC system for 2024, including the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning, was adopted as the legislative mandate for the execution of programmes, projects, and technical cooperation activities (Resolution 762(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The draft programme of work of the ECLAC system for 2024, including the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning, was adopted as the legislative mandate for the execution of programmes, projects, and technical cooperation activities (Resolution 762(XXXIX)). (Type: Programmatic)

Commitment 7

The thirtieth session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 764(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The thirtieth session of the Caribbean Development and Cooperation Committee (CDCC) is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 764(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 8

The fifth meeting of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 760(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The fifth meeting of the Regional Conference on Population and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 760(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 9

The ninth Ministerial Conference on the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 761(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The ninth Ministerial Conference on the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean is scheduled for 2024 (Resolution 761(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Commitment 10

The fortieth session of ECLAC will be held in Peru in 2024 (Resolution 766(XXXIX)).

Details:

- The fortieth session of ECLAC will be held in Peru in 2024 (Resolution 766(XXXIX)). (Type: Implemented)

Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

KPI: Digital Divide Reduction and Inclusion

Description:	Close digital divides widened by the COVID-19 pandemic and promote digital inclusion
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Address access, affordability, digital literacy and skills gaps to ensure inclusive digital benefits
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	short to medium term

Measurement Method:	Monitoring digital access and inclusion indicators
Responsible Entity:	Member States, ECLAC
Sector:	Digital Transformation

KPI: Digital Infrastructure Investment

Description:	Mobilize €300 billion in public and private investment by 2027 for digital infrastructure
Type:	quantitative
Target Value:	300.0
Target Description:	Mobilize public and private investment for digital infrastructure
Unit:	billion EUR
Timeframe:	by 2027
Measurement Method:	Tracking investment volumes mobilized
Responsible Entity:	Public and private investors, governments
Sector:	Digital Infrastructure

KPI: Economic Impact of Professional Training

Description:	Increase investment in professional training to add US\$ 8.3 trillion to global GDP by 2030
Type:	quantitative
Target Value:	8.3
Target Description:	Boost global GDP through investment in worker training, reskilling and upskilling
Unit:	trillion USD
Timeframe:	by 2030
Measurement Method:	GDP growth attributable to training investments
Responsible Entity:	Governments, training institutions, private sector
Sector:	Labour and Education

KPI: Escazú Agreement Adoption and Ratification

Description:	Adopt the Escazú Agreement and encourage all countries to ratify it at the earliest opportunity
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Ensure countries sign and ratify the Escazú Agreement to protect environmental rights
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	as soon as possible
Measurement Method:	Number of signatories and ratifications
Responsible Entity:	Member States
Sector:	Environmental Governance

KPI: Inclusive Social Development Implementation

Description:	Implement the Regional Agenda for Inclusive Social Development adopted in 2019
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Enhance social policies aligned with the Regional Agenda for Inclusive Social Development
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	ongoing
Measurement Method:	Monitoring social development indicators and policy adoption
Responsible Entity:	Member States, ECLAC
Sector:	Social Development

KPI: Population and Development Consensus Implementation

Description:	Support the implementation of the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development and its Operational guide
Type:	qualitative

Target Description:	Implement and monitor the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	ongoing
Measurement Method:	Reporting on implementation progress and use of Operational guide
Responsible Entity:	Member States, ECLAC
Sector:	Population and Development

KPI: Regional Conference on Women Session

Description:	Hold the fifteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean under the theme 'The care society: a horizon for sustainable recovery with gender equality' from 7 to 11 November 2022
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Conduct the 15th Regional Conference on Women with focus on care society and gender equality
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	7-11 November 2022
Measurement Method:	Successful organization and adoption of conference outcomes
Responsible Entity:	ECLAC, Member States
Sector:	Gender Equality

KPI: Sustainable Investment Mobilization and Capacity Building

Description:	Mobilize sustainable investments and build national and regional capacities
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Mobilize sustainable investments and build capacities at national and regional levels
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	medium and long term

Measurement Method:	Assessment of investment flows and capacity building programs
Responsible Entity:	Governments, regional organizations, ECLAC
Sector:	Sustainable Development

KPI: Transformative Recovery Promotion

Description:	Promote transformative recovery in line with the principle of leaving no one behind
Type:	qualitative
Target Description:	Implement recovery strategies that are transformative and inclusive
Unit:	qualitative milestone
Timeframe:	2024 and onwards
Measurement Method:	Evaluation of recovery policies and social inclusion indicators
Responsible Entity:	Member States, ECLAC
Sector:	Economic and Social Development

Practical Applications

Application 1:

Implementation of the Plan for self-sufficiency in health matters in Latin America and the Caribbean to expand capacities to produce and distribute vaccines and medicines in the region.

Application 2:

Progress on the debt swap for climate change adaptation initiative and establishment of the Caribbean Resilience Fund.

Application 3:

Preparation and implementation of the Comprehensive Development Plan for El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and south-southeast Mexico to address structural causes of migration from a development and human security perspective.

Application 4:

Entry into force and implementation of the Escazú Agreement, providing protection to environmental activists, with 24 countries signed and 13 ratified.

Application 5:

Launch and operation of the National Employment Agency in Costa Rica to generate employment data and inform training aligned with labor market needs.

Application 6:

Vocational and higher education training programs aligned with productive sector needs, such as those by SENAI in Brazil focusing on automation, mechatronics, environment, transport, and logistics.

Application 7:

FAO initiatives: Hand-in-Hand (supporting investment projects to diversify and increase value added in prioritized production chains) and 1,000 Digital Villages (implementing digital tools in agro-tourism ventures).

Application 8:

Establishment of public-private partnerships in Ecuador to drive development, attract investment, and generate employment.

Application 9:

Costa Rica's foreign trade and investment attraction strategies fostering high-tech industries, including medical devices, with partnerships with academic and research institutions.

Application 10:

Regional cooperation initiatives including contingency plans, joint negotiation and procurement of medicines and agrifood inputs, disaster response mechanisms, and unified procedures in Central America (SICA).

Application 11:

Creation of the Regional Collaborative Platform for Latin America and the Caribbean to enhance coordination and efficiency in the UN development system.

Application 12:

Establishment and operation of the Regional Conference on South-South Cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean to promote development cooperation.

Application 13:

Organization of multiple intergovernmental meetings and conferences such as the Regional Conference on Women, Regional Conference on Social Development, Statistical Conference of the Americas, Conference on Science, Innovation and ICT, and Ministerial Conference on the Information Society.

Application 14:

Adoption and implementation of the Digital Agenda for Latin America and the Caribbean (eLAC2022) and promotion of digital inclusion and regional digital market development.

Application 15:

Strengthening of gender mainstreaming strategies and gender statistics through the Gender Equality Observatory for Latin America and the Caribbean.

Application 16:

Support for the Latin American and Caribbean Institute for Economic and Social Planning (ILPES) in training and technical cooperation for development planning.

Application 17:

Biennial Caribbean Development Roundtable meetings to address debt sustainability, resilience-building, and economic recovery post-COVID-19.

Application 18:

Technical support to landlocked developing countries in infrastructure investment, trade facilitation, transport, and logistics under the Vienna Programme of Action.

Application 19:

Regular calendar of ECLAC intergovernmental conferences and meetings for 2023-2024 to facilitate regional dialogue and policy coordination.

Application 20:

Promotion of comprehensive public policies and programs integrating sustainable development with a transformative gender perspective to respond to COVID-19 and other crises, including fostering comprehensive care systems and decent work for women.

Application 21:

Strengthening of regional statistical capacity, including support for the 2020 round of population and housing censuses and promotion of data sharing for SDG monitoring.

Application 22:

Support for the implementation of the Montevideo Consensus on Population and Development and related regional conferences and platforms.

Application 23:

Promotion of innovative financing mechanisms and strengthening of regional financial institutions such as the Development Bank of Latin America (CAF) and the Latin American Reserve Fund (LARF).

Application 24:

Encouragement of regional economic integration, including through MERCOSUR and other regional trade agreements.

Application 25:

Support for the development of sustainable and inclusive social protection systems and social policies aligned with the Regional Agenda for Inclusive Social Development.

Application 26:

Facilitation of cooperation between countries and international organizations to address climate change, biodiversity loss, and the energy transition, including investment in renewable energy and green hydrogen.

Application 27:

Promotion of digital transformation policies that ensure universal, meaningful, and affordable access to ICT, protect rights, and foster innovation.

Application 28:

Organization of the fifteenth session of the Regional Conference on Women in Latin America and the Caribbean focused on the care society as a horizon for sustainable recovery with gender equality.

Application 29:

Implementation of employment and training policies as part of national and continental development projects to reduce informality and improve job quality.

Application 30:

Use of innovative cooperation models such as triangular and South-South cooperation to enhance development effectiveness and resource mobilization.

Application 31:

Strengthening of public sector capabilities and governance to support transformative development policies and institutional capacities.

Application 32:

Promotion of regional cooperation on migration management and addressing root causes of migration.

Application 33:

Support for the development of the orange economy (investment in intellectual property, sports, culture) as a low-carbon growth sector in the Caribbean.

Application 34:

Encouragement of fiscal policy strengthening and public planning to implement the 2030 Agenda and foster gender equality.

Application 35:

Facilitation of knowledge sharing and best practices among countries through observatories, data repositories, and technical cooperation projects.

Application 36:

Organization of the Ministerial Conference on the Information Society to promote regional cooperation on ICT policies and digital transformation.

Source Files

Filename	Type	Size	Upload Date
39th Session of ECLAC	PDF	884.5 KB	2025-06-25